Investigation Report on Laboratory Confirmed Measles Case in the Hurungwe District Doro Clinic- Garangwe Area; Nziradzepatsva Village, Hurungwe District

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Abstract

This paper was carried on an Investigation in Hurungwe district, Doro catchment area following confirmation of a measles IgM measles positive case. Doro clinic is 56 km from the district hospital, in the western direction and the laboratory confirmed case is 20 km in the same direction. The community derives its income from tobacco and maize farming. Their religion is Christianity. The area has some hard- to-reach families by district and by religion.

Several cases on measles were detected and filed following the laboratory confirmation.

Based on the findings from the investigation, the following are recommend: VHW Mberikwenyanga to visit the Phiri family (vaccine objectors) to actively search for clinical measles cases and refer, Continued information giving at gatherings and homesteads by community leaders and Community-based Health Workers, Community-based active search by VHWs, Continued information-giving to the community, Continued Active search for more cases, Continued monitoring of the index case, especially nutrition-wise, Conduct headcount of children below 1 year and 5 years, Indicate populations by village, by hard-to-reach on the REC Map, Continued mobilisation and distribution of resources and logistics, Conduct operational research, since the child received 2 valid measles dose, Urgent replacement of obsolete refrigerators and fridge tags.

Keywords: Laboratory Investigation, Measles, Hurungwe District, Doro Clinic.

Introduction

Investigation was carried out in Hurungwe district, Doro catchment area following confirmation of a measles IgM measles positive case. Doro clinic is 56 km from the district hospital, in the western direction and the laboratory confirmed case is 20 km in the same direction.

The community derives its income from tobacco and maize farming. Their religion is Christianity. The area has some hard- to-reach families by district and by religion.

Population breakdown for doro clinic

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Population</td>
<td>6936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under-Ones</td>
<td>238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under-Fives</td>
<td>1106</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aim of the investigation

To conduct a detailed investigation following a confirmed measles Igm positive case in Doro Catchment area, Hurungwe District.

Objectives of investigation were to

- Carry out active search in the community of the confirmed case of measles, through the VHWs
- Conduct interviews on the Doro clinic staff
- Monitor surveillance activities at the clinic
- Assess cold chain management at Doro clinic
Highlights of activities

Visited the clinic and assessed their knowledge and skills in routine EPI and EPI disease surveillance;

- Checked the T12 and IMNCI register and there were conducting active search as indicated by documentation of active search in the registers (see figure below)

![IMNCI register](image1)

**Figure 1.** IMNCI register

- EPI monitoring graphs and case definitions were displayed on the walls
- Coverage for both 2016 and 2017 was above 100% as indicated by the T6, T5 and Monitoring charts (see figure 2 below)

![Vaccine monitoring graph](image2)

**Figure 2.** Vaccine monitoring graph
EPI Case definitions were displayed on the walls including the measles case definition. This helps the staff to come up with correct clinical diagnosis when assessing childhood EPI diseases. (see figure 3 below)

![Measles case definition chart (WHO)](image)

**Figure 3.** Measles case definition chart (WHO)

- Had adequate stocks of all antigens and had not experienced any stock outs in the past 6 months,
- Conducted interview of health staff and they were quite knowledgeable on the EPI programme, including EPI disease surveillance and EVM.
- Staff members at Doro Clinic work as a team and the same knowledge was across both members.
- Clinic staff had also carried a home visit to where the case resides
- Screened all schools around (Garangwe and Nyamupfukudza Primary Secondary Schools) and used Village Health Workers to carry out active search in the community.
- The facility identified two more cases and results were not received at the time of investigation and no more cases were identified up to time of report writing.
- Intensified social mobilization was done through dialogue with local leaders

**District Team**

- Supported the facility, carried out active search, visited the homestead of the case and also visited Kachingamire village where Mrs Petros and her baby had visited prior the illness.
- Sensitized people who were gathered (+- 150) celebrating Independence Day
- A total of 123 children were screened for EPI diseases. These were gathered at Karereshe business centre where the mother and child had visited.

**Investigation team visit to the community**

- Visited Garangwe School, which is 12 km from the Doro Clinic. School has an enrolment of more than 400 children. On the date of visit the teacher also confirmed that no case of measles was seen at the clinic.
Proceeded to the homestead of the case which is in Nziradzepasi village which is 5 kilometres from the school and 15 from the clinic.

Conducted interview of the grandparents and the mother of the case (see figure 4 below)

![Image](image-url)

**Figure 4.** Interviewers and family of the case

Both grandparents and mother could greatly articulate how the child got ill.

They were all knowledgeable about measles community case definition

They were so much surprised with the child having been diagnosed of measles because they believed that measles had been eliminated because of vaccinations.

Reviewed the child health card and child was up to date with vaccinations. He received 2 valid doses of measles.

The child is malnourished and is on plumpy nut. (see figure 5 below)
The grandmother referred to a homestead which is about 500 metres away from their homestead as the family from the True Apostolic Sect which are objectors to vaccination.

The team wanted to visit the homestead but were barred from doing so as they felt it would create friction with the family. However they advised that the team should give the task to the local Village Health Worker.

The team proceeded to visit the Village Health Worker - Mrs Mberikwenyanga living in the same area.

Interviewed the Village Health Worker who said she carried out active search in the community and she did not find any suspected measles case in her catchment area.

Passed through Village Head Bukuta who directed the team to the Village Health Worker in Kachingamire Village.

Visit to Village Health Worker Justin Chitimbe (Kachingamire and Karereshe)

Interviewed the Village Health Worker and he was knowledgeable on measles community case definition.

Confirmed that no cases of clinical measles were identified before and after the index case. He is continuing with community-based active search.

**Recommendations**

**a) The community**

- VHW Mberikwenyanga to visit the Phiri family (vaccine objectors) to actively search for clinical measles cases and refer.
- Continued information giving at gatherings and homesteads by community leaders and Community-based Health Workers.
- Community-based active search by VHWs.

**b) The health facility staff**

- Continued information-giving to the community.
- Continued Active search for more cases.
- Continued monitoring of the index case, especially nutrition-wise.
Conduct headcount of children below 1 year and 5 years
Indicate populations by village, by hard-to-reach on the REC Map.

**c) The district**
- Continued support to lower level facilities
- Continued mobilisation and distribution of resources and logistics

**d) The national level**
- Conduct operational research, since the child received 2 valid measles doses
- Urgent replacement of obsolete refrigerators and fridge tags

**References**


