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# **Advantages of Cooperative Learning: A Systematic Review**

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#### Abstract

Nursing education is responsible for the production of competent nursing staff with the collaborative skills required by the workforce. Nursing recruitment and retention requirements have made nursing education more challenging. Consequently, alternative teaching methods are being explored in nursing education to narrow the gap between workforce requirements and training. This article contains literature review conducted to examine the advantages of cooperative learning. The purpose of this study is to survey the advantages of cooperative learning using articles outlining the advantages of cooperative learning. A literature search with focus on studies published between 2009 and 2018 was undertaken from four electronic databases. Identified articles were pruned with the help of the Prisma (2009) Flow Diagram. Forty-five articles were identified, 15 reviewed and 11 considered eligible for this study. Significant differences were found in favour of cooperative learning, between the various teaching methods in almost all the studies. Additionally, cooperative learning was noted to markedly enhance human development. The studies reviewed concluded that cooperative learning was better than traditional teaching methods like lecture as cooperative learners were noted to display higher achievements and positive social interdependence than their peers from traditional methods. These results are important for both nursing administrators/managers and faculty in planning lessons; hiring and assigning faculty respectively. The implications of this study are that nursing curricula should be designed to incorporate cooperative learning as a means to enhance learning and hiring of nursing faculty should be based on the appropriate display of cooperative learning skills.

**Keywords:** Cooperative learning; nursing education; collaborative skills; teaching methods.

## **Background**

Nursing education has for a long time been looking for the particular teaching methods that would equip nursing staff with the collaborative skills needed in the interdisciplinary healthcare team. Cooperative learning seems to have provided the answer. Cooperative learning is a student-centred teaching strategy in which the teacher organises students into small groups of three to four and makes them responsible for their own learning as well as the learning of all the group members (Li & Lam, 2013). The main advantages of this instructional technique will be elaborated in this study in view of its application in nursing education in Bamenda-Cameroon.

## Aim

The rationale for this systematic review is based upon a gap that has been identified in the literature related to advantages of cooperative learning in nursing education in Bamenda-Cameroon. This review would make available pertinent literature on advantages of cooperative learning practices to faculty in Cameroon.

## **Objective**

The objective of this study is to provide the reader with a list of the existing literature on advantages of cooperative learning.

Nursing education is a professional education that involves the application of general education principles in the training of nursing staff. It is consciously and systematically planned and implemented through instruction and discipline.

#### Materials and methods

A review of the literature was undertaken through a search of the following electronic databases: Science Direct, CINAHL, Eric on EBSCHO Host and Research Gate. To ensure consistency, the review was guided by the PRISMA (2009) Checklist. The key words used in the literature search included: cooperative learning, collaborative learning, benefits of cooperative learning, advantages of cooperative learning, effects of cooperative learning and importance of cooperative learning. inclusion criteria were (a) Studies published in English language (b) studies published from 2009 to 2018, (c) studies carried out in primary, secondary or tertiary education settings; and (d) primary and secondary studies. Excluded from the review were (a) studies

published in other languages other than English (b) studies published before 2009 and (c) studies conducted out of a formal educational setting.

The search strategy for Science Direct was thus: 1. www.sciencedirect.com; then advantages of cooperative learning. Forty-five articles were identified from the initial search and following application of the inclusion and exclusion criteria, eleven articles met the eligibility criteria for the study. Screening was done with the help of PRISMA (2009) Flow Diagram (Figure 1).

To ensure validity of the data and integrity of the study, a research assistant was recruited to independently extract data from the reports using the format in Table 1. The data were then compared with the one extracted by the principal investigator for similarities. Areas with disagreements in data were further reviewed and a consensus sought. The co-investigator was consulted for evaluation and clarifications.

#### **Results and Discussion**

Table 1 shows a summary of the major features of the studies reviewed. This review compared cooperative learning with the traditional methods such as the lecture method and identified its advantages.

The studies considered generally presented the supremacy of cooperative learning over traditional methods of teaching. Significant differences were found in favour of cooperative learning, between the various teaching methods in almost all the studies. Additionally, cooperative learning was noted to markedly enhance human development. These results are important for nursing faculty in planning lessons, hiring and assigning faculty.

#### **Conclusion**

A number of conclusions can be drawn from this review. Overall, cooperative learning is more effective than traditional learning methods as it significantly influences learning, psychosocial development and communication better than other techniques of leaning. The most important aspect of learners in this area includes higher achievement and positive social interdependence.

There are some implications for nursing following this review. Nursing curricula should be designed to incorporate cooperative learning as a means to enhance learning. In addition, hiring of nursing faculty should be based on appropriate display of cooperative learning skills. Finally, future studies in nursing education on this topic are encouraged in Cameroon to continue to encourage the training of more customer sensitive nursing staff.

The review of literature revealed that cooperative learning is advantageous over traditional learning methods such as the lecture. However, various techniques and sample sizes were employed to determine the advantages. Some suggestions are therefore necessary in this aspect. Future studies should select reports that use the same technique to determine the advantages. Replications should use larger sample sizes and nursing students. Faculty can make use of the results of this study to develop and maintain skills that are necessary for effective teaching/learning.

Table 1a. Summary of the studies reviewed

Author and year	Location/yea r of the study	Study design	Study population	Data collection methods	Aim of study	Main findings
Cloud (2014)	N/A	Literature Review	Not stated	Article selection criteria not stated	To determine the effectiveness of cooperative learning	Social skills are easily developed, ideas are exchanged among students and leadership skills are improved
Cornelius-Ukepi, Aglazor & Odey (2016)	University of Calabar- Nigeria	Literature Review	Not stated	Article selection criteria not stated	To find out the impact of cooperative learning on classroom management	Enhancement of cognitive & social development; controls disruptive behaviour, thus reducing the need for discipline in the classroom and school environment.
Dembilio et al., (2018)	Universidad Jaume I de Castellón Spain in 2017	pre-post intervention study	Forty-nine students from the second course of the Nursing degree program	1.an on-line ad hoc questionnaire on knowledge on hand washing through the assignment's virtual classroom was used. 2. Ultraviolet measurement of quantity of hydro alcoholic solution in hands after hand washing	to evaluate effectiveness of cooperative learning on acquisition of knowledge and skills on hand washing. In addition, the interest and self-perception of the participants on the acquisition of knowledge and skills was studied	Students' knowledge & skills on hand washing was significantly improved and their interest also awakened

Table 1b. Summary of the studies reviewed

Author and	Location/year of the	Study design	Study	Data collection methods	Aim of study	Main findings
year	study		population			
Goyak	Liberty University-USA,	quasi-	127 science	Measurement of the	to quantitatively measure	cooperative learning yields
(5007)	2007-2000	desion	oı education	of learning environment and	uniterences in both the nercention of learning	significant and Detter resurts
		1131500	students	growth of critical thinking	environment and growth of	lecture
				skills of preservice teachers	critical thinking skills of	
					preservice teachers.	
IT Learning	Penn State University,	Literature	Not stated	Article selection criteria not	To determine of benefits of	Cooperative learning leads
&	USA (2017)	Review		stated	cooperative learning	to increased achievement &
development						retention; more healthy
Centre of						relationships & social
Penn State						support; and better attitudes
University						towards teachers & school.
(2017)						
Johnson &	University of Minnesota,	Literature	Not stated	Article selection criteria not	To find out the outcome of	Increased achievement &
Johnson	Minneapolis, Minnesota,	Review		stated	cooperative learning	productivity were noted;
(2018)	USA (2018)					healthier and committed
						relationships were
						developed; and students
						became

Table 1c. Summary of the studies reviewed

Author	Location/year	Study	Study	Data collection	Aim of study	Main findings
and year	of the study	design	population	methods		
						psychologically healthier with a higher self-esteem, compared with competitive or individualistic learning
Laal &	Tehran	Literature	iterature Not stated	Article selection	To present the	CL was noted to have social, psychological, academic and
Ghodsi	University of	Review		criteria not	main benefits	assessment benefits as a social support system for
(2012)	Medical			stated	of	learners/learning communities are developed, students &
	Sciences,				collaborative	staff learn to understand each other diversely. Students'
	Tehran				learning, CL	self-esteem is increased due to the student-centred
						learning, anxiety is reduced and positive attitudes
						developed towards staff. Academically, critical thinking is
						promoted, students are actively involved in the learning
						process, results are improved, provides required student
						problem-solving technique, possibility to personalise large
						lectures and very motivating especially in specific
						curriculum. CL enables use of alternate student & teacher
						assessment techniques

Table 1d. Summary of the studies reviewed

A	Author and year	Location/year of the study	Study design	Study population	Data collection methods	Aim of study	Main findings
Γ	Li & Lam (2013)	Hong Kong	Literature	Not stated	Article selection criteria	To identity	Cooperative learning led to more
			Review		not stated	the benefits of	inclusive classrooms and learning
						using	for all since the groups are
						cooperative	heterogonous, formal and
						learning, CL.	encourage peer support and
							linkage. Interest in the subjects
							and achievements were greater
							compared with the control groups
							as content was mastered. Thirdly,
							students from CL easily accepted
							others' feelings, made friends
							with students from other cultures/
							maintained the friends outside the
							classroom; worked in transcultural
6							settings with ease; liked their
							classmates/teachers more than
							learners from control the groups
							and negotiated/resolved conflicts
							in conflict situations. The learners
							also had more positive feelings
							about themselves, showed more
							time on tasks and a higher degree
							of service/care to others.

Table 1e. Summary of the studies reviewed

Author and year	Location/year of the study	Study design	Study population	Data collection methods	Aim of study	Main findings
Molla & Muche	Ethiopia	Quasi-	Data were	Measurements of	To evaluate	The students in the
(2018)	,	experimental	collected from 369	biological tests and use	the impact of	cooperative learning
		control group	students and 18	of semi structured	cooperative	groups had greater
		interrupted	biology teachers in	questionnaire	learning	improvement in their
		time series	three schools.		methods on	academic
					students'	achievements than
					academic	their counterparts in
					achievement	the control
					and	(individual learning)
					laboratory	group
					proficiency	
					in biology.	
Sijali (2017)	Nepal, India	longitudinal	Grade 10 students	Proficiency test,	То	Cooperative learning
	in 2017	research	with a sample of	questionnaire and	investigate	significantly
		study	150	interview	the	improved the
					effectiveness	English language
					of	proficiency of
					cooperative	learners ( $M = 26.71$ ,
					learning (CL)	SD = 4.478) than the
					for	traditional lecture
					improving	(M = 16.50, SD =
					learners'	5.619)
					English	
					language	
					proficiency	
					level in	
					secondary	
					level	
					education in Nenal	
Slavin (2010)	USA	Literature	Review of 99	Article selection criteria	To determine	Students showed

Review		studies conducted not stated	not stated	the	more interest to
	am	among elementary		effectiveness	work in groups; had
	anc	and secondary		Jo	more friends of
	sch	school learners		cooperative	different ethnic
				learning	groups and readily
				methods in	accepted the views
				elementary & of others.	of others.
				secondary	
				schools	

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